

Release Notes for the GSS 2010 Panel Cumulative File (Release 6)

Wave Affected	Variable	Issue in Release 5	Fix in Release 6
1	LETIN1	Contained values for LETIN1A	LETIN1 Dropped
1	LETIN1A	Contained values for LETIN1	Recoded to LETIN1A
All	ISCO88	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPISCO88	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PAISCO88	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MAISCO88	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	ISCO08	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPISCO08	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PAISCO08	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MAISCO08	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COISCO08	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PRESTG10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPPRES10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PAPRES10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MAPRES10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COPRESTG10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PRESTG105PLUS	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPPRES105PLUS	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PAPRES105PLUS	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MAPRES105PLUS	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COPRES105PLUS	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SEI10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPSEI10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PASEI10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MASEI10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COSEI10	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SEI10EDUC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPSEI10EDUC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PASEI10EDUC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MASEI10EDUC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COSEI10EDUC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes

Wave Affected	Variable	Issue in Release 5	Fix in Release 6
All	SEI10INC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	SPSEI10INC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	PASEI10INC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	MASEI10INC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes
All	COSEI10INC	Based on old OCC10 codes	Recalculated to new OCC10 Codes

Release Notes for the GSS 2010 Panel Cumulative File (Release 5)

GSS Year Affected	Variable	Issue in Release 4	Fix in Release 5
2010 Panel	PRESTG80	1 case in wave 1 incorrectly coded NA ¹	Recoded to IAP ²
2010 Panel	PRFMWHY6	1 case in wave 2 incorrectly coded NA ¹	Recoded to IAP ²
2010 Panel	ARTGST	1 case in wave 2 incorrectly coded NA ¹	Recoded to IAP ²
2010 Panel	ETHNUM	6 cases in wave 3 incorrectly coded NA ¹	Recoded to IAP ²
2010 Panel	CONSENT	Wave 2 and 3 cases incorrectly coded NA ¹	Recoded to IAP ²
2010 Panel	COHORT	8 cases in waves 1-3 miscalculated	Recoded to correct
2010 Panel	SPOCC80	5 cases in wave 2 had OCC & IND transposed	Recoded OCC with IND value
2010 Panel	SPIND80	5 cases in wave 2 had OCC & IND transposed	Recoded IND with OCC value
2010 Panel	MAOCC10	1 case in wave 3 miscoded	Recoded to correct
2010 Panel	SPOCC10	1 case in wave 3 miscoded	Recoded to correct
2010 Panel	RACDIFY	RACDIFY codes based on open ended response; different responses produced different initial codes in the 2008 and 2010 panels	Standardized response labels
2010 Panel	RACDIFY1	RACDIFY codes based on open ended response; different responses produced different initial codes in the 2008 and 2010 panels. RACDIFY1 preserved the 2008 response codes, which are unnecessary after standardization.	Deleted

¹ NA stands for No Answer. Respondents who gave NA responses were eligible for the given question, but did not answer it. Reasons for not answering could include refusing the question, giving a garbled answer, or declining the remaining questions in a given module.

² IAP stands for Inapplicable. Respondents who were IAP were not eligible for the question. Reasons for being ineligible include being on the wrong ballot for a module, giving a disqualifying answer on a screener question, or not having a requisite characteristic, such as being male for a question only asked of females.

Release Notes for the GSS 2010-sample Panel R₄ (June 21, 2017)

This release updates the cross-section data up-to-date with the GSS 1972-2016 cumulative file Release 1b.

Release Notes for the GSS 2010 Panel Release 3 (October 24, 2016)

1. This release is updated to the GSS 1972-2014 cumulative data file Release 6b.
2. RACDIFY₁ is renamed to RACDIFY. Its coding scheme changed as follows:
 - 0 IAP
 - 1 Individual choices
 - 2 Level of education
 - 3 Psychology of victimization
 - 4 Prejudice, discrimination, racism
 - 5 Lack of motivation/effort, laziness
 - 6 Rejects premise of racial disparities
 - 7 Social conditions such as locality, early poverty, environment
 - 8 Other
 - 9 Weak families, absent parents
- 98 DK
- 99 NA

Release Notes (July 27, 2016)

This release has updated the cross-section data up to date. Most notably, the new occupation and industry codes as well as new prestige and SEI scores are added. For more information, please refer to the previous release notes for the cumulative data for a history of fixes.

GSS 2010-Sample Panel Wave 3, Release 1

June 15, 2015

I. Overview

This GSS panel dataset has three waves of interviews: originally sampled and interviewed in 2010, the second wave in 2012, and third interview in 2014. Among the 2,044 cases newly interviewed in 2010, we re-interviewing 1,551 cases in 2012 and 1,304 cases in 2014 (see Table 1). This data file contains those 2,044 respondents and those variables that were asked in any of the three waves.

<Table 1> GSS Design Features: Cross-Sectional and Panel Components

	GSS Year		
	2010	2012	2014
1 st wave (cross-section)	2044	1974	2538
2 nd wave	1581	1551	0
3 rd wave	1276	1295	1304
Total	4901	4820	3842

II. Data File Organization

1. The released data file is in the wide format: cases in rows and variables of each wave in columns. Thus, each row (case) is unique and some cases are not re-interviewed.
2. To denote waves, we have added a suffix “_1” or “_2” to the existing GSS variable names. For example, EDUC_1 is the years of education in the first wave (2010), and EDUC_2 is education in the second wave (2012).
3. The values of the following variables do not change over waves so they are included as single variables (without _1 or _2): BALLOT, FORM, FORMWT, OVERSAMP, SAMCODE, and SAMPLE.
4. YEAR_1 is the GSS year of the first wave while YEAR_2 and YEAR_3 are GSS year of the second wave and third wave.
5. ID_1 is the identification number used in the GSS 2010 data, ID_2 in 2012, and ID_3 in 2014. ID generally changes across years.
6. PANSTAT_2 indicates panel selection status. Users can identify those cases that were: (1) selected, eligible for re-interviews, and actually re-interviewed; (2) selected, eligible, but

not re-interviewed; and (3) selected, but not eligible and not re-interviewed. If we have more information about why the selected cases were not eligible, we used codes 31 through 33 instead of 3 in the data set (codes are labeled in the data). PANSTAT_3 is for the third wave.

7. For those cases that were not re-interviewed in the second wave or the third wave, values in all variables are coded to “Inapplicable (IAP)” (actual codes vary by variables).
8. The variables related to respondents’ household members (e.g. OLD₁ to OLD₁₄, GENDER₁ to GENDER₁₄) do not necessarily indicate the same persons over waves. For example, GENDER_{3_1} and GENDER_{3_2} do not necessarily show the gender of the same household member.
9. Interviewers’ ID numbers (INTID) were newly assigned in each wave. Thus, INTID₁=56 and INTID₂=56 do not indicate they are the same interviewer.
10. COHORT reflects year of birth for respondents age 18-89 on AGE. Respondents older than 89 are coded as 89 on AGE, and their COHORT values do not match year of birth. In those cases, COHORT years may be a few years later than the actual years of birth because AGE was top-coded at 89. Re-interview cases that are older of than 89 are coded to reflect their COHORT at Wave 1 since the top coding of age at 89 prevents their aging from showing up in the data. For example, a respondent who was 90 in the first wave (and top coded as 89 on AGE₁) would have COHORT₁ as 1917 in GSS 2006. If he was re-interviewed in the second and the third wave and reported ages as respective 92 and 94, he would have been top coded as 89 on AGE₂ and AGE₃ and his COHORT₂ and COHORT₃ would be 1917 in the second and third waves.

III. Weights

The panel data include two different weights: WTPAN₁₂, WTPAN₁₂₃, WTPANNR₁₂, and WTPANNR₁₂₃. WTPAN₁₂ and WTPAN₁₂₃ are regular weight variables that do not make a special adjustment to non-response whereas WTPANNR₁₂ and WTPANNR₁₂₃ are weight variables that makes a nonresponse adjustment. <Table 2> summarizes weight variables.

<Table 2> GSS panel data three wave weight variables

Variable name	Description
Weight Variable Name without "NR"	This weight is assigned to the cases originated from 2010. It accounts for all four stages of selection for the 2010 samples (NFA, segment, HU, and respondent) and also for the selection of the segment and the case into the panel sample.
WTPAN ₁₂	If you want to analyze only 2010-12 panel data, you need to use this weight variable
WTPAN ₁₂₃	If you want to include Wave 3 in your analysis, you need to use this weight variable
Weight Variable Name with "NR"	This weight has the same case base as WEIGHTpanel2010 and also includes all stages of selection, <i>but also includes a nonresponse adjustment.</i>
WTPANNR ₁₂	If you want to analyze only 2010-12 panel data, you need to use this weight variable
WTPANNR ₁₂₃	If you want to include Wave 3 in your analysis, you need to use this weight variable